

On May 3, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Arkansas, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against Marshall McKenzie, trading at Gravette, Ark., alleging shipment by said defendant in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, on or about September 21, 1932, from the State of Arkansas into the State of Missouri, of a quantity of apples which were adulterated.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it contained added poisonous and deleterious ingredients, arsenic and lead, which might have rendered it injurious to health.

On November 30, 1934, the defendant entered a plea of guilty, and the court imposed a fine of \$1.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23850. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. Charles W. Demmert and Emma Demmert (Demmert Packing Co.). Pleas of guilty. Fines: Charles W. Demmert, \$50 on each count, and costs; Emma Demmert, \$1 on each count, and costs. Fines on all counts but first, suspended. (F. & D. no. 31424. Sample nos. 14841-A, 15095-A, 15096-A, 25555-A, 25558-A, 25562-A, 25564-A, 25851-A, 26037-A, 26068-A, 26079-A.)

This case was based on various shipments of canned salmon, samples of which were found to be putrid, tainted, or stale.

On February 5, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against Charles W. Demmert, and Emma Demmert, trading as the Demmert Packing Co., Klawock, Alaska, alleging shipment by said defendants, on or about August 28, September 7, and September 12, 1932, from Klawock, Alaska, into the State of Washington, of quantities of canned salmon which was adulterated.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed and putrid animal substance.

On December 10, 1934, the defendants entered pleas of guilty and the court imposed a fine of \$50 and costs against Charles W. Demmert on the first count of the information, and \$50 on each of the remaining two counts; a fine of \$1 and costs against Emma Demmert on the first count and \$1 on each of the remaining two counts, the fines on the second and third counts to be suspended as to both defendants on condition that fine and costs be paid on the first count within 30 days.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

23851. Adulteration of canned salmon. U. S. v. Charles W. Demmert and Emma Demmert (Demmert Packing Co.). Pleas of guilty. Fines, \$1,000 and costs. (F. & D. no. 31442. Sample nos. 2890-A, 7061-A, 7774-A, 11120-A, 15336-A, 15337-A, 26261-A.)

This case was based on various interstate shipments of canned salmon, samples of which were found to be tainted or stale.

On March 19, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of Washington, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against Charles W. Demmert and Emma Demmert, trading as the Demmert Packing Co., Seattle, Wash., and Klawock, Alaska, alleging shipment by said defendants, in various lots between the dates of September 3, 1932, and September 18, 1932, from the State of Washington into the States of Wisconsin, Alabama, Georgia, New York, and Indiana, of quantities of canned salmon which was adulterated. The article was labeled in part, variously: "Wissota Brand Salmon * * * Packed for The H. T. Lange Co., Eau Claire, Wis and Lange Grocer Company, Sparta, Wis."; "Spotlite Brand Alaska Pink Salmon * * * C. F. Buelow Company, Incorporated, Seattle, U. S. A."; "Scout Cabin Brand Pink Alaska Salmon * * * Packed for E. Bierhaus & Sons, Vincennes, Ind."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed and putrid animal substance.

On December 12, 1934, the defendants entered pleas of guilty and the court imposed fines totaling \$1,000,—\$500 against each defendant. Costs also were assessed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*